MODULE III: SYSTEMS THEORY

Week 1 (Tuesday the 7th April; 4pm to 6pm)

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Relevant history
- 3. Other contributions to systems theory
- 4. The Terminology of General Systems Theory

Assignment to pass latest Saturday 11th April at midday

Sectio	on A (MCQs): select the correct answer to the following questions (1 x 5marks)
1.	is a way of elaborating increasingly complex systems across a
	continuum that encompasses the person-in-environment.
	A) bio-psychosocial assessment B) system theory C) clients relation theory
2.	Who is credited with being the originator of the form of systems theory used in social
	work. A) Emile Durkheim B) Marx Weber C) Von Bertalanffy
3.	General systems theory is likened to a science of
	A) wholeness B) separate parts C) interaction
4.	Durkheim is famous for his concept of
	A) anomie B) socialization C) sociology
5.	The exchange of information between the systems and its environment is regulated by a
	process called A) outcomes B) output C) feedback
	on B (Filling the blanks): Fill in the blank spaces below with the correct answers (1 x
10mai	rks)
1.	The term system emerged from early study of social system.
	According to Bertalanffy, the main objective of the biological sciences is
3.	The two conditions on which the cause-and-effect properties depend on are
	and
4.	Von Bertalanffy was influenced by and
5.	
6.	The main interest of Max Weber was
	Structural functionalism was the theoretical framework of
8.	
	referred to as

Section C (Short answer): Answer the following questions. (10marks).

1.	What do you understand by the system theory? (2marks)
2.	State and briefly explain the four functional states of social systems as delineated by Parson in structural functionalism.(4marks)
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3.	Briefly explain and differentiate between micro, mezzo and macro systems. (4marks)