**ENGLISH LANGUAGE** 

CLASS: PREMIERE F4/F3

Teacher: Mrs Ghesie

# TUTORIALS ON MODULE 5: MEDIA AND COMMUNICATION

# **SECTION A: ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE**

<b> -</b>		GRAMMAR
		A) Use the correct form of the verbs in brackets to complete the passages in the passive
		voice.
	a)	What happens when you are hacked ? An email( to send) to you and
		you( to request) to open a link. Once the link( to
		open), information from your computer will either( to infect) by a
		virus or( to access) by the hacker.
	b)	The anti- virus software on my computer( to install) by my brother.
		It( to buy) from a computer shop near our school. He
		( to tell) that the ant-virus software could( to use)
		On six computers. I feel safe because i know my computer(to
		protect)
-		Choose the correct answer from those in brackets. (conditional sentences)
a)		our phone would have run out of power if the power cut(will
		ontinue, would continue, had continued )
b)		you don't have a smarthphone, your friendsat you.( would mock,
		ould have mocked, will mock)
c)		she had a computer, she able to access the internet more
		sily. ( will be, would be, would have been)
d)		nless you keep your password to yourself, criminalsaccess to your
,	•	ivate information on your computer or phone. ( can get, would get, would have got).
e)		nd the Prime Minister not closed down schools, many students
	by	the corona virus.( would have been infected, will infect, would infect)

### III- HOW TO EXPRESS PREFERENCES: CHOOSING ONE THING TO THE OTHER

We often use words like 'prefer, would prefer, would rather' to talk or ask about preferences.

### **Examples**

- 'prefer' + to + verb / Prefer + verb +ing. eg . I prefer to go / going
  - 'prefer' + Noun/noun phrase eg . I prefer the Orange network.
  - 'Would p:
    - refer' + to + verb eg. I would prefer to subscribe to the Orange network.
  - 'Prefer/ would prefer' ... + to. eg? I would prefer/ prefer surfing to playing games.
  - **'Would rather' + base form… + than … eg.**I would rather <u>subscribe</u> to the Orange network <u>than</u> subscribe to MTN.

- **'Would rather' + subject + past form. Eg.** My friend would rather <u>isubscribed</u> to the Orange network than subscribe to the MTN network.

# **EXERCISE**: Choose the correct answer to complete the blanks

a)	Emilie would ratherSMS to her friends than call them. ( to send, send, sends)
b)	Do you prefer listening to the news on the television listening on the radio ?(
c)	to , than)  My parentsi took the computer to the After-sales service than
C)	to try to solve the problem myself. ( prefer, would prefer, would rather)
d)	I would rather the lesson notes from my computer than copy
u,	them in my book. ( to download, downloading, download)
e)	He prefersdocumentaries to films.( watching, watched).
	the definitions below and complete the sentences with appropriate words chosen from the en.
	roadband – live – directory – headlines – remote control – computerize – bandwidth – dial – e - hardware
1)	If you don't know the number of the person you want to call look it up in the
2)	If you feel you have the symptoms of Corona Virus , please the number
	1510 for assistance.
3)	Theof most newspapers carry information on the spread
	and fight of COVID 19
4)	Everyone should study computerin school
5)	The electronic component of a computer are the
6)	Don't switch off the television manually, use a
7)	Optic fibre and wireless are examples ofdata transmission media
8)	Which network in your country provides internet with the best?
9)	We watched the matchon the CRTV .
10)	Teachers have totheir lessons to meet up with the
	exigencies of E-learning.
II- I	Match the words and expressions in column A to those in column B
	A B
a)	To holdi) news
b)	To text ii) battery
c)	Fake iii) operator
d)	Cyber iv) someone
e)	To makev) board
f)	Telephonevi) the line
g)	Keyvii) a call
h)	Long lifeviii) criminality
i)	Passix) line
j)	Deadx) word

### **VOCABULARY: I) WORDS AND EXPRESSIONS RELATED TO AUDIO VISUAL AND PRINT MEDIA**

- **Media**: radio,television; newspaper,magazine
- **CPU**: central processing unit- the brain of the computer
- RAM :Random Access Memory
- Hard disk drive: where data is stored in the internet
- **Hardware**: all the physical parts in a computer system
- **Software**: refers to the instructions needed to make a computer work
- **Modem**: a device used to transfer information between computers
- Output: things you get from a computer
- **Input**: things to tell the computer to do
- Browser: a program used to navigate the WWW.
- **Email**:electronic mail
- SMS: short message service- for sending text messages on a cellular phone system
- **Bandwidth**: the capacity of the internet to make information availabe
- **Broadband**: high capacity internet connection
- **Computer technician**: a person who repairs computers
- **Computer scientist:** a person who studies and practises computer science
- Computer litrate: someone who has a good knowlege of computer science
- To computerise: to enter data(information) into the computer
- Cyber bullying: the use of internet to make another person feel angry, sad or scared again and again / to threaten(( menace) someone through the internet or phone
- To reboot: to switch off/stop a device and start it up again
- **Wireless:** a system that uses radio waves and not wires and cables
- **Glitch**: a small problem or fault
- **To subscribe**: to pay money for the provision of a service such as internet access or cell phone plan
- Remote control /clicker/zapper : a device used to operate an appliance from a short distance
- **Answering machine**: a machine/ device that automatically records voice mail from unanswered telephone calls
- A phone book/ directory: a book containing all the phone numbers used in a place
- **Telephone operator**: a perdon who operates a telephone switchboard
- To dial a number: to call someone on a telephone
- Customer service/ helpline : A service that you can call for communication problems
- **Airtime**: the chargeable use of a mobile phone
- **Bundle**: hardware and software seen as a single product
- **Surf**: moving from one web page to another
- **Headline**: the title of a head story
- Breaking news: Special news of important event that is happening.
- **Caption**: the brief discription of a photograph written under the photograph in the newspaper
- **Lead**: the most important story of a newspaper
- **Bulletin**: a short news report
- Live: actual, direct, in real time, seen or heard as it happens / opposite of 'recorded'

# II) MAKING AND RECEIVING CALLS

### i) DICTATATING TELEPHONE NUMBERS

**Examples:** 

- 675 22 01 58 : six- seven- five two- two zero- one five- eight
- : six- seven-five double two -oh -one -five eight

#### ii) MAKING AND RECEIVING PHONE CALLS

Example:

**Helen:** Good morning. Bon Berger college. The principal's secretary speaking/ on the

line

**Voice:** Good morning. Can i speak to the Principal, please? **Helen:** Hold the line please. I will put you through to him

Helen: I'm sorry, sir, but the line is engaged/Will you hold on or will you ring back?

**Voice**: Oh, i'll ring back, thank you.

#### **GATEGORY OF ACTIONS: WRITING**

- I- Draw, label and state the use of the different parts of a computer in English
- II- State the dangers in the use of ICT gadgets at home

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